

AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 15, 2010

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 28, 2010

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2009–10 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2093

Introduced by Assembly Member V. Manuel Pérez
(Coauthors: Assembly Members Blumenfield, Fletcher, and Jones)

February 18, 2010

An act to amend Section 1367.36 of the Health and Safety Code, and to add Section 10123.56 to the Insurance Code, relating to health care coverage.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2093, as amended, V. Manuel Pérez. Immunizations for children: reimbursement of physicians.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and makes a willful violation of that act a crime. Existing law also provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Existing law requires every health care service plan or health insurer that covers hospital, medical, or surgical expenses on a group basis to provide certain preventive health care benefits for children, including immunizations. Existing law *prohibits a risk-based contract between a health care service plan and a physician or physician group from including a provision requiring the physician or physician group to assume financial risk for the acquisition costs of required immunizations for children and specifies the reimbursement rate with respect to immunizations*

that are not part of the current contract between a health care service plan and a physician or physician group.

This bill would *prohibit a plan from requiring a physician or physician group to assume financial risk for the acquisition or administration costs of required immunizations and would require a health care service plan or health insurer that provides coverage for childhood and adolescent immunizations to—reimburse include in its reimbursement of a physician or physician group in an amount not less than the actual cost of acquiring the vaccine plus a reimbursement for the cost of administration of the vaccine, as specified. The bill would specify that this requirement would not apply to services provided pursuant to contracts or policies with the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System,—except with respect to vaccines that are not part of the current contract between a plan and a physician or physician group, or to services provided pursuant to Medi-Cal or the Healthy Families Program. The bill would make other related changes.*

The bill would prohibit a health care service plan contract or health insurance policy providing coverage for childhood or adolescent immunizations from imposing a deductible, copayment, coinsurance, or other cost-sharing mechanism for the administration of a childhood or adolescent immunization or for related procedures. The bill would also prohibit those contracts or policies from containing a dollar limit provision for the administration of childhood and adolescent immunizations or including the cost of those immunizations in a dollar limit provision. The bill would specify that these prohibitions do not apply to services provided pursuant to Medi-Cal or the Healthy Families Program.

~~Existing law prohibits a risk-based contract between a health care service plan and a physician or physician group from including a provision requiring the physician or physician group to assume financial risk for the acquisition costs of required immunizations for children. Existing law prohibits a plan from requiring a physician or physician group to assume financial risk for immunizations that are not part of the current contract.~~

~~This bill would make those provisions apply to all contracts between plans and physicians or physician groups rather than just risk-based contracts. The bill would prohibit a plan from requiring a physician or physician group to assume financial risk for immunizations, whether~~

~~or not those immunizations are part of the current contract. The bill would make other related changes.~~

~~Existing law prohibits a health care service plan from including the acquisition costs associated with required immunizations for children in the capitation rate of a physician who is individually capitated.~~

~~This bill would additionally prohibit a plan from including in that capitation rate the administration costs of those immunizations.~~

Because a willful violation of the bill's requirements relative to health care service plans would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.

State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the
2 following:

3 (a) Pediatric immunizations proved to be one of the most
4 successful, safe, and cost-effective public health interventions of
5 the 20th century. Worldwide, millions of childhood deaths are
6 prevented by vaccinations every year. Vaccine-preventable disease
7 levels are at or near record lows.

8 (b) Vaccines are among the most cost-effective components of
9 preventive medical care. In 2003, the federal Centers for Disease
10 Control and Prevention estimated a direct cost savings of six dollars
11 and thirty cents (\$6.30) for every dollar spent on vaccinations. If
12 societal costs are factored in, the savings increase to eighteen
13 dollars and forty cents (\$18.40) per dollar spent.

14 (c) Due to increasing numbers of approved and recommended
15 life-saving vaccines, as well as increasing prices, pediatric vaccine
16 acquisition costs have increased dramatically in recent years and
17 could triple by the year 2020.

18 (d) Physicians typically face higher vaccine prices than large
19 public purchasers and usually lose money when they provide
20 immunizations due to under-reimbursement, which may discourage

1 physicians from purchasing adequate doses to meet the demand
2 in their practices. This trend could shift the burden of vaccine
3 financing to parents' out-of-pocket expenses or to local public
4 health clinics or other public programs.

5 (e) As small businesses, physicians face severe financial strain
6 when they continue to absorb the unreimbursed costs associated
7 with vaccine acquisition and administration. The purchase of
8 vaccines is the single most expensive part of a pediatric or family
9 practice. When providers are not adequately reimbursed to cover
10 the direct and indirect costs of providing immunizations, the
11 viability of their practice is threatened.

12 (f) Insured children and their families can face financial barriers
13 to immunization such as deductibles, copayments, and other
14 out-of-pocket expenses.

15 (g) Unvaccinated children can contract a dangerous or
16 life-threatening disease at any time in their lives. In order to
17 effectively protect the public health, it is imperative that we ensure
18 continued access to disease-preventing vaccines in order to achieve
19 maximum immunization for infants, children, and adolescents.

20 (h) Therefore, in order to maximize immunization rates to
21 protect individual children and the general population from existing
22 and emerging communicable diseases, it is the intent of the
23 Legislature to ensure that physicians are fully reimbursed for the
24 costs to acquire and administer recommended vaccines and that
25 out-of-pocket expenses do not deter parents from immunizing their
26 children.

27 (i) The Legislature further recognizes the importance of the
28 California Immunization Registry in maximizing immunization
29 rates and supports and encourages physicians and their specialty
30 societies in efforts to increase physician participation in the
31 registry.

32 SEC. 2. Section 1367.36 of the Health and Safety Code is
33 amended to read:

34 1367.36. (a) A contract between a health care service plan
35 and a physician or physician group that is issued, amended,
36 delivered, or renewed in this state on or after January 1, 2011, shall
37 not include a provision that requires a physician or a physician
38 group to assume financial risk for the acquisition costs *or*
39 *administration costs, as defined in subdivision (b)*, of required
40 immunizations for children as a condition of accepting the contract.

1 A physician or physician group shall not be required to assume
2 financial risk for immunizations, regardless of whether those
3 immunizations are part of the current contract.

4 (b) A health care service plan that provides coverage for
5 childhood and adolescent immunizations pursuant to Section
6 ~~1367.3 or 1367.35~~ shall reimburse a physician or physician group
7 in an amount not less than the actual cost of acquiring the vaccine
8 plus the cost of administration of the vaccine. For purposes of this
9 subdivision, both of the following shall apply:

10 (1) ~~The actual cost of acquiring the vaccine is the vaccine's~~
11 ~~private sector cost per dose, as published on the most current~~
12 ~~Pediatric Vaccine Price List of the federal Centers for Disease~~
13 ~~Control and Prevention, plus reasonable costs associated with~~
14 ~~shipping and handling.~~

15 (2) ~~The cost of administration of the vaccine, which includes~~
16 *1367.3 or 1367.35 shall include in its reimbursement of a*
17 *physician or physician group a reimbursement for the*
18 *administration cost of the vaccine. For purposes of this section,*
19 *the administration cost of the vaccine, which includes* physician
20 time, clinical staff time, and office staff time, as well as other
21 practice expenses associated with providing the immunization such
22 as storage, insurance, supplies, and medical equipment, shall be
23 an amount not less than that specified in the most current annual
24 Medicare physician fee schedule published pursuant to Section
25 1395w-4(b)(1) of Title 42 of the United States Code.

26 (c) ~~Beginning January 1, 2011, with respect to immunizations~~
27 ~~for children that are not part of the current contract between a~~
28 ~~health care service plan and a physician or physician group,~~
29 ~~including, but not limited to, immunizations in the most current~~
30 ~~versions of the Recommended Childhood and Adolescent~~
31 ~~Immunization Schedules jointly approved by the federal Advisory~~
32 ~~Committee on Immunization Practices, the American Academy~~
33 ~~of Pediatrics, and the American Academy of Family Physicians,~~
34 ~~the health care service plan shall reimburse a physician or physician~~
35 ~~group in an amount not less than that specified in subdivision (b):~~

36 (d) ~~Reimbursements pursuant to this section shall be made~~
37 ~~within 45 days of receipt by the plan of documents from the~~
38 ~~physician or physician group demonstrating that the immunizations~~
39 ~~were performed, consistent with Section 1371 or through an~~
40 ~~alternative funding mechanism mutually agreed to by the health~~

1 ~~care service plan and the physician or physician group. The~~
2 ~~alternative funding mechanism shall be based on reimbursements~~
3 ~~consistent with this section.~~

4 *(c) With respect to immunizations for children that are not part*
5 *of the current contract between a health care service plan and a*
6 *physician or physician group, the health care service plan shall*
7 *reimburse a physician or physician group at the lowest of the*
8 *following, until the contract is renegotiated: (1) the physician's*
9 *actual acquisition cost, (2) the "average wholesale price" as*
10 *published in the Drug Topics Red Book, or (3) the lowest*
11 *acquisition cost through sources made available to the physician*
12 *by the health care service plan. Reimbursements pursuant to this*
13 *subdivision shall be made within 45 days of receipt by the plan of*
14 *documents from the physician or physician group demonstrating*
15 *that the immunizations were performed, consistent with Section*
16 *1371 or through an alternative funding mechanism mutually agreed*
17 *to by the health care service plan and the physician or physician*
18 *group. The alternative funding mechanism shall be based on*
19 *reimbursements consistent with this subdivision.*

20 ~~(e) Physicians and physician~~

21 *(d) Physician groups may assume financial risk for the*
22 *acquisition costs and administration costs, as defined in subdivision*
23 *(b), of providing required immunizations if the immunizations*
24 *have experiential data that has been negotiated and agreed upon*
25 *by the health care service plan and the physician or physician*
26 *group. However, a health care service plan shall not require a*
27 *physician or a physician group to accept financial risk or impose*
28 *additional risk on a physician or physician group in violation of*
29 *subdivision (a) or (b).*

30 ~~(f)~~

31 *(e) A health care service plan shall not include the acquisition*
32 *costs or administration costs, as defined in subdivision (b),*
33 *associated with required immunizations for children in the*
34 *capitation rate of a physician who is individually capitated.*

35 ~~(g)~~

36 *(f) A health care service plan contract issued, amended, or*
37 *renewed on or after January 1, 2011, that provides coverage for*
38 *childhood and adolescent immunizations pursuant to Section*
39 *1367.3 or 1367.35 shall not do either of the following:*

(1) Impose a deductible, copayment, coinsurance, or other cost-sharing mechanism for the administration of a childhood or adolescent immunization or for procedures related to that administration. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits charging a deductible, copayment, coinsurance, or other cost-sharing mechanism for procedures, services, or treatment unrelated to an immunization.

(2) Contain a dollar limit provision for the administration of childhood and adolescent immunizations or include the cost of those immunizations in a dollar limit provision of the contract.

~~(h)~~

(g) Subdivision (b) shall not apply to services provided pursuant to health care service plan contracts entered into with the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System pursuant to the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (Part 5 (commencing with Section 22750) of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code).

~~(i)~~

~~(h)~~ Subdivisions (b), ~~(e)~~, and ~~(g)~~ and (f) shall not apply to services provided pursuant to either of the following:

(1) Contracts entered into pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 14000) of, or Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 14200) of, Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code between the State Department of Health Care Services and health care service plans for enrolled Medi-Cal beneficiaries.

(2) Contracts entered into pursuant to Part 6.2 (commencing with Section 12693) of Division 2 of the Insurance Code between the Managed Risk Medical Insurance Board and health care service plans for enrolled Healthy Families beneficiaries.

SEC. 3. Section 10123.56 is added to the Insurance Code, to read:

10123.56. (a) A health insurer that provides coverage for childhood and adolescent immunizations pursuant to Section ~~10123.5 or 10123.55~~ shall reimburse a physician or physician group in an amount not less than the actual cost of acquiring the vaccine plus the cost of administration of the vaccine. For purposes of this subdivision, both of the following shall apply:

~~(1) The actual cost of acquiring the vaccine is the vaccine's private sector cost per dose, as published on the most current Pediatric Vaccine Price List of the federal Centers for Disease~~

1 ~~Control and Prevention, plus reasonable costs associated with~~
2 ~~shipping and handling.~~

3 ~~(2) The cost of administration of the vaccine, which includes~~
4 ~~10123.5 or 10123.55 shall include in its reimbursement of a~~
5 ~~physician or physician group a reimbursement for the cost of~~
6 ~~administration of the vaccine. For purposes of this section, the~~
7 ~~cost of administration of the vaccine, which includes physician~~
8 ~~time, clinical staff time, and office staff time, as well as other~~
9 ~~practice expenses associated with providing the immunization such~~
10 ~~as storage, insurance, supplies, and medical equipment, shall be~~
11 ~~an amount not less than that specified in the most current annual~~
12 ~~Medicare physician fee schedule published pursuant to Section~~
13 ~~1395w-4(b)(1) of Title 42 of the United States Code.~~

14 (b) A health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on
15 or after January 1, 2011, that provides coverage for childhood and
16 adolescent immunizations pursuant to Section 10123.5 or 10123.55
17 shall not do either of the following:

18 (1) Impose a deductible, copayment, coinsurance, or other
19 cost-sharing mechanism for the administration of a childhood or
20 adolescent immunization or for procedures related to that
21 administration. Nothing in this paragraph prohibits charging a
22 deductible, copayment, coinsurance, or other cost-sharing
23 mechanism for procedures, services, or treatment unrelated to an
24 immunization.

25 (2) Contain a dollar limit provision for the administration of
26 childhood and adolescent immunizations or include the cost of
27 those immunizations in a dollar limit provision of the contract.

28 (c) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to services provided pursuant
29 to health insurance policies entered into with the Board of
30 Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System
31 pursuant to the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act
32 (Part 5 (commencing with Section 22750) of Division 5 of Title
33 2 of the Government Code).

34 (d) This section shall not apply to services provided pursuant
35 to either of the following:

36 (1) Contracts entered into pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing
37 with Section 14000) of, or Chapter 8 (commencing with Section
38 14200) of, Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions
39 Code between the State Department of Health Care Services and
40 health insurers for enrolled Medi-Cal beneficiaries.

1 (2) Contracts entered into pursuant to Part 6.2 (commencing
2 with Section 12693) between the Managed Risk Medical Insurance
3 Board and health insurers for enrolled Healthy Families
4 beneficiaries.

5 SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
6 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
7 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
8 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
9 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
10 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
11 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
12 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
13 Constitution.